

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)
As retained in UK law by (SI 2019/758 as amended)

# Plastic repair fast (25 sec) - component B

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2025-09-08

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name

Plastic repair fast (25 sec) - component B

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses

Two component adhesive Professional use

# 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Chemicar Europe NV Baarbeek 2 2070 Zwijndrecht Belgium

Telephone: +32 3 234 87 80 e-mail: msds@emm.com
Website: www.finixa.com
Additional information

Supplier of the product

Country	Name	Postal code/city	Telephone	
United Kingdom	Amaric Associates Ltd.	HP22 4LW Aylesbury	+44(0)7831547123	

e-mail (competent person)

msds@emm.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Emergency information service** 

+31 38 4676600

This number is only available during the following office hours: Mon-

Fri 09:00 - 17:00

Poison centre						
Country	Name	Telephone				
United Kingdom	National Poisons Information Service (NPIS)	0344-8920111 (medical professionals only)				
United Kingdom	NHS (general public)	non-emergency: 111 or a doctor; emergency: 999				

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

# 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (acc. to GB CLP)

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard state- ment
4.1C	hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	3	Aquatic Chronic 3	H412

For full text of H-phrases: see SECTION 16

Code	Supplemental hazard information
EUH208	contains Piperazine, Dibutylbis(dodecylthio)stannane. May produce an allergic reaction

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

United Kingdom: en Page: 1 / 15



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)
As retained in UK law by (SI 2019/758 as amended)

# Plastic repair fast (25 sec) - component B

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2025-09-08

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling (acc. to GB CLP)

signal wordpictogramsNot required.Not required.

- hazard statements

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

- precautionary statements

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

- supplemental hazard information

EUH208 Contains Piperazine, Dibutylbis(dodecylthio)stannane. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq$  0,1%.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture).

### 3.2 Mixtures

The product does not contain (other) ingredients which are classified according to present knowledge of the supplier and contribute to the classification of the product and hence require reporting in this section.

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Notes
Piperazine	CAS No 110-85-0 EC No 203-808-3 Index No 612-057-00-4	0.1-<1	Flam. Sol. 1 / H228 Skin Corr. 1B / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 Resp. Sens. 1 / H334 Skin Sens. 1 / H317 Repr. 2 / H361fd		
Dibutylbis(dodecylthio)s tannane	CAS No 1185-81-5 EC No 214-688-7	0.1 - < 0.3	Acute Tox. 4 / H312 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Skin Sens. 1 / H317 Repr. 1B / H360FD STOT RE 1 / H372 Aquatic Acute 1 / H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 / H410	(!) <b>(</b> *)	

Name of sub- stance	Identifier	Specific Conc. Limits	M-Factors	ATE	Exposure route
Dibutylbis(do- decylthio)stan- nane	CAS No 1185-81-5	-	-	>1,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	dermal
	EC No 214-688-7				

#### Remarks

All the percentages given are percentages by weight unless stated otherwise. For full text of H-phrases: see SECTION 16.

United Kingdom: en Page: 2 / 15



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)
As retained in UK law by (SI 2019/758 as amended)

# Plastic repair fast (25 sec) - component B

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2025-09-08

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician.

#### Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

#### Following eye contact

Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

May cause sensitization in susceptible persons.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

For specialist advice physicians should contact the poison centre.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray; Foam; Dry extinguishing powder; Carbon dioxide (CO2);

Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings.

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

#### Hazardous combustion products

During fire hazardous fumes/smoke could be produced. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Hydrogen cyanide (HCN, prussic acid). Silicon dioxide.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

### Special protective equipment for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Standard protective clothing for firefighters.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

### For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety. Ventilate affected area.

#### For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases. Use personal protective equipment as required.

# 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

United Kingdom: en Page: 3 / 15



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)
As retained in UK law by (SI 2019/758 as amended)

# Plastic repair fast (25 sec) - component B

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2025-09-08

# 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece).

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Use only in well-ventilated areas.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- flammability hazards

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

- incompatible substances or mixtures

Keep away from alkalis, oxidising substances, acids.

Control of effects

Protect against external exposure, such as

High temperatures. UV-radiation/sunlight.

Consideration of other advice

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

- specific designs for storage rooms or vessels
- storage temperature

Recommended storage temperature: 10 - 35 °C

packaging compatibilities
 Keep only in original container.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 1.2.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

National limit values

United Kingdom: en Page: 4 / 15



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) As retained in UK law by (SI 2019/758 as amended)

# Plastic repair fast (25 sec) – component B

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2025-09-08

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Cou ntry	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Nota- tion	Source
GB	tin, organic compounds		WEL		0.1		0.2	Sn, ex- C18H3 4OSn, H	EH40/2005
GB	piperazine	110-85-0	WEL		0.1		0.3		EH40/2005

### **Notation**

ex-C18H34OSn except cyhexatin

Н absorbed through the skin Sn calculated as Sn (tin)

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless

otherwise specified)

TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted

average (unless otherwise specified)

### Relevant DNELs/DMELs/PNECs and other threshold levels

Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of expos- ure	Used in	Exposure time
Piperazine	110-85-0	DNEL	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Piperazine	110-85-0	DNEL	0.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects
Piperazine	110-85-0	DNEL	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects
Piperazine	110-85-0	DNEL	0.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
Piperazine	110-85-0	DNEL	1 mg/kg bw/day	human, oral	consumer (private households)	chronic - systemic effects
Dibutylbis(dodecyl- thio)stannane	1185-81-5	DNEL	8.82 μg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Dibutylbis(dodecyl- thio)stannane	1185-81-5	DNEL	2.5 µg/kg	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Dibutylbis(dodecyl- thio)stannane	1185-81-5	DNEL	2.18 μg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	consumer (private households)	chronic - systemic effects
Dibutylbis(dodecyl- thio)stannane	1185-81-5	DNEL	1.25 μg/kg	human, dermal	consumer (private households)	chronic - systemic effects
Dibutylbis(dodecyl- thio)stannane	1185-81-5	DNEL	2.5 µg/kg	human, oral	consumer (private households)	chronic - systemic effects

#### Relevant PNECs of components

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
Piperazine	110-85-0	PNEC	0.2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
Piperazine	110-85-0	PNEC	0.02 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)

United Kingdom: en Page: 5 / 15



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)
As retained in UK law by (SI 2019/758 as amended)

# Plastic repair fast (25 sec) - component B

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2025-09-08

Relevant PNECs of o	Relevant PNECs of components							
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time		
Piperazine	110-85-0	PNEC	54 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)		
Piperazine	110-85-0	PNEC	3.6 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)		
Piperazine	110-85-0	PNEC	0.36 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)		
Piperazine	110-85-0	PNEC	2.9 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)		
Dibutylbis(dodecyl- thio)stannane	1185-81-5	PNEC	0.11 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)		
Dibutylbis(dodecyl- thio)stannane	1185-81-5	PNEC	12,800 <sup>mg</sup> / kg	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)		
Dibutylbis(dodecyl- thio)stannane	1185-81-5	PNEC	1,280 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)		
Dibutylbis(dodecyl- thio)stannane	1185-81-5	PNEC	2,570 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)		

### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation. Provide eyewash stations and safety showers at the workplace.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection



Use safety goggle with side protection

Skin protection



Chemical protective clothing.

Hand protection



Wear suitable gloves. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

- type of material

Nitrile rubber, Fluorocarbon rubber (Viton®)

- material thickness

Use gloves with a minimum material thickness: ≥ 0.5 mm.

- breakthrough time of the glove material

Use gloves with a minimum breakthrough time of the glove material: >480 minutes (permeation: level 6).

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

#### Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Type: ABEK-P2 (combined filters against gases, vapours and particles, colour code: Brown/Grey/Yellow/Green/White).

Environmental exposure controls

United Kingdom: en Page: 6 / 15



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)
As retained in UK law by (SI 2019/758 as amended)

# Plastic repair fast (25 sec) - component B

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2025-09-08

Take appropriate precautions to avoid uncontrolled release into the environment. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid
Colour	black
Odour	amine
Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	not determined
Evaporation rate	not determined
Flammability	this material is combustible, but will not ignite readily
Lower and upper explosion limit	LEL: UEL: not determined
Flash point	212 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	not determined
Decomposition temperature	no data available
pH (value)	not determined
Kinematic viscosity	not determined
Solubility	not determined

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	this information is not available

# Vapour pressure not determined

# Density and/or relative density

Density	not determined
Relative vapour density	information on this property is not available

Particle characteristics	not relevant (liquid)
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# 9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes	hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant
Other safety characteristics	there is no additional information

United Kingdom: en Page: 7 / 15



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)
As retained in UK law by (SI 2019/758 as amended)

# Plastic repair fast (25 sec) - component B

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2025-09-08

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

# 10.1 Reactivity

This material is not reactive under normal ambient conditions.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidisers.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

#### Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

#### Classification acc. to GHS

#### Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

### Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
Dibutylbis(dodecylthio)stannane	1185-81-5	dermal	>1,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>

### Acute toxicity of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
Piperazine	110-85-0	oral	LD50	2,600 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat
Piperazine	110-85-0	dermal	LD50	8,300 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rabbit
Dibutylbis(dodecylthio)stannane	1185-81-5	oral	LD50	>2,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat
Dibutylbis(dodecylthio)stannane	1185-81-5	dermal	LD50	>1,000 - < 2,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rabbit

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Contains Piperazine, Dibutylbis(dodecylthio)stannane. May produce an allergic reaction.

# Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

United Kingdom: en Page: 8 / 15



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)
As retained in UK law by (SI 2019/758 as amended)

# Plastic repair fast (25 sec) - component B

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2025-09-08

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0,1\%$ .

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Addation to Aloney (doubte) of compensation and mixture						
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time	
Piperazine	110-85-0	LC50	>100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	japanese ricefish/medaka (Oryzias latipes)	96 h	
Piperazine	110-85-0	EC50	123 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	daphnia magna	24 h	
Piperazine	110-85-0	NOEC	21 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	daphnia magna	48 h	
Dibutylbis(dodecylthio)stannane	1185-81-5	ErC50	≥1.6 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	algae	72 h	
Dibutylbis(dodecylthio)stannane	1185-81-5	EL50	1.4 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	daphnia magna	48 h	
Dibutylbis(dodecylthio)stannane	1185-81-5	EC50	0.11 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	daphnia magna	48 h	
Dibutylbis(dodecylthio)stannane	1185-81-5	NOEC	0.52 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	zebra fish (Danio rerio)	96 h	

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture						
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time	
Piperazine	110-85-0	NOEC	12.5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	daphnia magna	21 d	

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Degradability of components							
Name of substance	CAS No	Process	Degradation rate	Time	Method		
Piperazine	110-85-0	oxygen depletion	65 %	28 d			
Piperazine	110-85-0	DOC removal	39.3 %	28 d			
Piperazine	110-85-0	carbon dioxide gener- ation	70.2 %	28 d			

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

United Kingdom: en Page: 9 / 15



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)
As retained in UK law by (SI 2019/758 as amended)

# Plastic repair fast (25 sec) – component B

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2025-09-08

Bioaccumulative potential of components

Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
Piperazine	110-85-0	≤0.3	-1.24 (25 °C)	
Dibutylbis(dodecylthio)stannane	1185-81-5	1,294	3.11 (22 °C)	

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

## Relevant provisions relating to waste

List of wastes

- product

08 04 09\* waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

- packagings

15 01 10\* packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

#### Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

**14.1 UN number** not subject to transport regulations

14.2 UN proper shipping name not relevant

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) none

14.4 Packing group not assigned

14.5 Environmental hazards non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regu-

lations

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No data available.

# Additional information for each of the UN Model Regulations

United Kingdom: en Page: 10 / 15



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)
As retained in UK law by (SI 2019/758 as amended)

# Plastic repair fast (25 sec) - component B

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2025-09-08

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - additional information Not subject to IMDG.

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - additional information Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

#### **Seveso Directive**

2012/1	2012/18/EU (Seveso III)						
No	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower and upper-tier requirements	Notes				
	not assigned						

# Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

None of the ingredients are listed.

### Water Framework Directive (WFD)

List of pollutants (WFD)				
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Listed in	Remarks
Dibutylbis(dodecylthio)stannane	Organotin compounds		a)	
Dibutylbis(dodecylthio)stannane	Substances and preparations, or the breakdown products of such, which have been proved to possess carcinogenic or mutagenic properties or properties which may affect steroidogenic, thyroid, reproduction or other endocrine-related functions in or via the aquatic environment		a)	
Dibutylbis(dodecylthio)stannane	Metals and their compounds		a)	
Piperazine	Substances and preparations, or the breakdown products of such, which have been proved to possess carcinogenic or mutagenic properties or properties which may affect steroidogenic, thyroid, reproduction or other endocrine-related functions in or via the aquatic environment		a)	

#### Leaend

a) Indicative list of the main pollutants

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 June 2019 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors, amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 and repealing Regulation (EU) No 98/2013

None of the ingredients are listed.

### Regulation concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

Chemicals subject to the international prior informed consent (PIC) procedure (the 'PIC procedure').

Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Category / subcat- egory	Use limitation
dibutyltin compounds		i(2)	sr

United Kingdom: en Page: 11 / 15



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) As retained in UK law by (SI 2019/758 as amended)

# Plastic repair fast (25 sec) – component B

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2025-09-08

#### Legend

i(2) Sub-category: i(2) - industrial chemical for public use

Use limitation: severe restriction (for the sub-category or sub-categories concerned) according to Union legislation

# Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

None of the ingredients are listed.

#### National regulations (GB)

# List of substances subject to authorisation (GB REACH, Annex 14) / SVHC - candidate list

None of the ingredients are listed.

#### Restrictions according to GB REACH, Annex 17

Dangerous substances with restrictions (GB REACH, Annex 17)

Name	Name acc. to inventory	Conditions of re- striction	No
Plastic repair fast (25 sec) - component B	this product meets the criteria for classification in accordance with Regulation No 1272/2008/EC	R3	3
Dibutylbis(dodecylthio)stannane	Organostannic compounds	R20	20

#### Legend

R20

- 1. Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as substances or in mixtures where the substance or mixture is acting as biocide in free association paint.
- 2. Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as substances or in mixtures where the substance or mixture acts as biocide to prevent the fouling by micro-organisms, plants or animals of:
- (a) all craft irrespective of their length intended for use in marine, coastal, estuarine and inland waterways and lakes;
- (b) cages, floats, nets and any other appliances or equipment used for fish or shellfish farming;
- (c) any totally or partly submerged appliance or equipment.
- 3. Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as substances or in mixtures where the substance or mixture is intended for use in the treatment of industrial waters.
- 4. Tri-substituted organostannic compounds:
- (a) Tri-substituted organostannic compounds such as tributyltin (TBT) compounds and triphenyltin (TPT) compounds shall not be used after 1 July 2010 in articles where the concentration in the article, or part thereof, is greater than the equivalent of 0.1 % by weight of tin.
- (b) Articles not complying with point (a) shall not be placed on the market after 1 July 2010. except for articles that were already in use in the Community before that date.
- 5. Dibutyltin (DBT) compounds:
- (a) Dibutyltin (DBT) compounds shall not be used after 1 January 2012 in mixtures and articles for supply to the general public
- where the concentration in the mixture or the article, or part thereof, is greater than the equivalent of 0.1 % by weight of tin.
  (b) Articles and mixtures not complying with point (a) shall not be placed on the market after 1 January 2012, except for articles that were already in use in the Community before that date.
- (c) By way of derogation, points (a) and (b) shall not apply until 1 January 2015 to the following articles and mixtures for supply to the general public:
- one-component and two-component room temperature vulcanisation sealants (RTV-1 and RTV-2 sealants) and adhesives,
- paints and coatings containing DBT compounds as catalysts when applied on articles,
- soft polyvinyl chloride (PVC) profiles whether by themselves or coextruded with hard PVC
- fabrics coated with PVC containing DBT compounds as stabilisers when intended for outdoor applications,
- outdoor rainwater pipes, gutters and fittings, as well as covering material for roofing and façades
- (d) By way of derogation, points (a) and (b) shall not apply to materials and articles regulated under Regulation (EC) No 1935/2004. 6. Dioctyltin (DOT) compound:
- (a) Dioctyltin (DOT) compounds shall not be used after 1 January 2012 in the following articles for supply to, or use by, the general public, where the concentration in the article, or part thereof, is greater than the equivalent of 0.1 % by weight of tin:
- textile articles intended to come into contact with the skin,
- gloves.
- footwear or part of footwear intended to come into contact with the skin,
- wall and floor coverings, childcare articles.
- female hygiene products,
- nappies.
- two-component room temperature vulcanisation moulding kits (RTV-2 moulding kits).
- (b) Articles and mixtures not complying with point (a) shall not be placed on the market after 1 January 2012, except for articles that were already in use in the Community before that date.
- (c) By way of derogation, points (a) and (b) shall not apply until 1 January 2015 to the following articles and mixtures for supply to the
- one-component and two-component room temperature vulcanisation sealants (RTV-1 and RTV-2 sealants) and adhesives
- paints and coatings containing DBT compounds as catalysts when applied on articles, soft polyvinyl chloride (PVC) profiles whether by themselves or coextruded with hard PVC,
- fabrics coated with PVC containing DBT compounds as stabilisers when intended for outdoor applications,
- outdoor rainwater pipes, gutters and fittings, as well as covering material for roofing and façades
- (d) By way of derogation, points (a) and (b) shall not apply to materials and articles regulated under Regulation (EC) No 1935/2004.

United Kinadom: en Page: 12 / 15



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) As retained in UK law by (SI 2019/758 as amended)

# Plastic repair fast (25 sec) – component B

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2025-09-08

#### Legend

R3

- 1. Shall not be used in:
- ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
- tricks and jokes,
- games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects,
- 2. Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.
- 3. Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for fiscal reasons, or perfume, or both, if they:
- can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and,
- present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with R65 or H304,
- 4. Decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the British Standard Specification on Decorative oil lamps (BS EN 14059) adopted by the British Standards Institute.
- Specification of December 2010 'August 2011 and Substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market, that the following requirements are met:

  (a) lamp oils, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: 'Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children'; and, by 1 December 2010 'Just a sip of lamp oil

- or even sucking the wick of lamps
   may lead to life-threatening lung damage';
  (b) grill lighter fluids, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as
- follows: 'Just a sip of grill lighter may lead to life-threatening lung damage';
- (c) lamp oils and grill lighters, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are packaged in black opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010.
- 7. Natural or legal persons placing on the market for the first time lamp oils and grill lighter fluids, labelled with R65 or H304, shall by 1 December 2011, and annually thereafter, provide data on alternatives to lamp oils and grill lighter fluids labelled R65 or H304 to the Agency.

### **Chemical Safety Assessment**

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this mixture by the supplier.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations	
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity	
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)	
Aquatic Acute	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard	
Aquatic Chronic	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate	
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand	
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)	
COD	Chemical oxygen demand	
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)	
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect Level	
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level	
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval	
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)	
ED	Endocrine disruptor	
EH40/2005	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/)	
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances	
EL50	Effective Loading 50 %: the EL50 corresponds to the loading rate required to produce a response in 50% of the test organisms	

United Kinadom: en Page: 13 / 15



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)
As retained in UK law by (SI 2019/758 as amended)

# Plastic repair fast (25 sec) – component B

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2025-09-08

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations	
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances	
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control	
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye	
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye	
Flam. Sol.	Flammable solid	
GB CLP	The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/720 (as amended)	
GB REACH	The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/758 (as amended)	
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations	
IATA	International Air Transport Association	
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)	
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization	
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	
index No	The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval	
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval	
LEL	Lower explosion limit (LEL)	
log KOW	n-Octanol/water	
NLP	No-Longer Polymer	
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration	
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic	
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration	
ppm	Parts per million	
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals	
Repr.	Reproductive toxicity	
Resp. Sens.	Respiratory sensitisation	
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)	
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin	
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin	
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitisation	
STEL	Short-term exposure limit	
STOT RE	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	
TWA	Time-weighted average	
UEL	Upper explosion limit (UEL)	
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative	
WEL	Workplace exposure limit	

Key literature references and sources for data

United Kingdom: en Page: 14 / 15



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)
As retained in UK law by (SI 2019/758 as amended)

# Plastic repair fast (25 sec) - component B

Version number: 1.0 Date of compilation: 2025-09-08

The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/758 (as amended). The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/720 (as amended). GB mandatory classification and labelling.

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

#### Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H228	Flammable solid.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H360FD	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H361fd	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Disclaimer**

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

United Kingdom: en Page: 15 / 15